

# Quality Note – Extending the SPOT/VEGETATION–PROBA-V archive with Sentinel-3 SYN-VGT products

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The Sentinel-3 Ocean and Land Colour Instrument (OLCI), in synergy with the Sea and Land Surface Temperature Radiometer (SLSTR) instrument, is foreseen to provide continuity to the SPOT/VGT capability (Donlon et al., 2012). The ESA Sentinel-3 synergy (SYN\_VGT) products replicate the attributes and quality of standard 1 km SPOT/VGT products through innovative spectral remapping and co-location techniques (North and Heckel, 2010). The SYN Level-2 processing aims to combine information from OLCI and SLSTR to provide improved data for land surface analysis. The so-called 'VGT Continuity' processing line outputs SYN Level 2 segments (SY\_2\_VGP) and daily and 10-daily synthesis products (SY\_2\_VG1 and SY\_2\_V10). The details are described in the SYN ATBD (North and Heckel, 2010).

Sentinel-3 SYN\_VGT products were released in October 2018 and are now available for download on the ESA Sentinel-3 Pre-Operations Data Hub.

As member of the Sentinel-3 Mission Performance Center (S3-MPC), VITO Remote Sensing evaluates the consistency between PROBA-V and Sentinel-3 Synergy products, in order to assess the possible extension of the SPOT/VGT – PROBA-V time series with Sentinel-3 data.

We have identified a number of issues with SY\_2\_VGP, SY\_2\_VG1 and SY\_2\_V10 products, affecting data quality and consistency with PROBA-V.

## 1. Spatial inconsistencies

The reference grid of SY\_2\_VGT products is not aligned to the one from VGT/PROBA-V: there is a shift of  $\frac{1}{2}$  pixel in both the X and Y direction.

## 2. Inconsistencies in temporal compositing

In order to have comparable coverage, S3A and S3B should be combined to perform daily and 10-daily composite products. In addition, the compositing scheme of SY\_2\_V10 should be revisited to be in line with the VGT/PROBA-V compositing scheme (i.e., 3 composites per month, 1-10, 11-20, 21-end of month).

## 3. Statistical inconsistencies

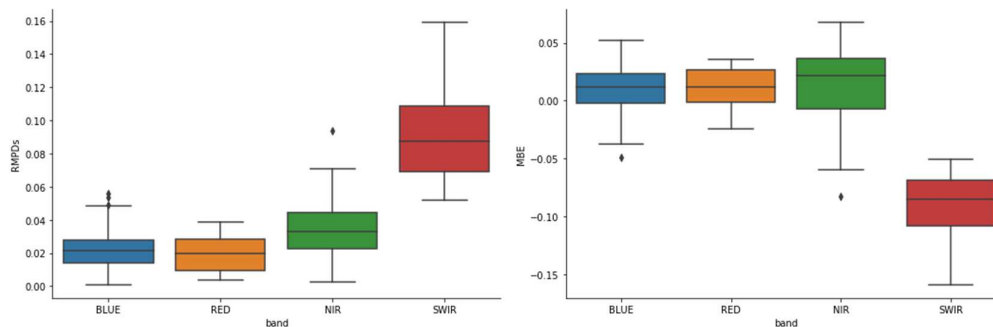
In first instance, statistical analysis was performed on SY\_2\_VGP (TOA segments) in comparison to PROBA-V Level2A data. The following results are based on:

- S3A and S3B data (processing baselines 2.44 (for S3A) and 1.16 (for S3B))
- PROBA-V Level2A data of all 3 cameras
- Match-ups with the closest acquisition time within  $\pm 1$  hour time difference
- over 6 globally distributed  $10^\circ \times 10^\circ$  tiles
- Time period 1/02/2019 – 31/03/2019

The number of segments match-ups is 560 (214 for the PROBA-V right camera, 169 for the center camera, and 177 for the left camera).

As indicated by the figures below, the systematic difference (RMPDs) is around 2% for BLUE and RED, around 3% for NIR, and 9% for SWIR. Mean bias difference (MBE) is around +2% for BLUE, RED, and NIR and around -9% for SWIR. The results for BLUE, RED, and NIR are within the expected range, according to the SYN ATBD (North and Heckel, 2010). The large

inconsistencies for the SWIR band are related to suboptimal radiometric calibration of the SLSTR SWIR channels (Etxaluze and Smith, 2018).



#### 4. Suboptimal quality of the status map

Spatial artefacts were detected in the land mask. The SYN\_VGT products show underdetection of clouds and are currently lacking the masking of cloud shadows.

The above mentioned issues were communicated to the S3-MPC and adaptations are considered for the next processing baselines. The analysis will be updated when new data become available.

#### See also

<https://sentinels.copernicus.eu/web/sentinel/missions/sentinel-3/mission-status>

<https://sentinels.copernicus.eu/web/sentinel/user-guides/sentinel-3-synergy/processing-levels/level-2>

[https://earth.esa.int/documents/247904/349589/SYN\\_L2-3\\_ATBD.pdf](https://earth.esa.int/documents/247904/349589/SYN_L2-3_ATBD.pdf)

Toté, C., Swinnen, E., 2018. Extending the SPOT/Vegetation—PROBA-V Archive with Sentinel-3: a Preliminary Evaluation, in: IGARSS 2018 - 2018 IEEE International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium. IEEE, pp. 8707–8710. <https://doi.org/10.1109/IGARSS.2018.8518908>

Henocq, C., North, P., Heckel, A., Ferron, S., Lamquin, N., Dransfeld, S., Bourg, L., TOTE, C., Ramon, D., 2018. OLCI/SLSTR SYN L2 Algorithm and Products Overview, in: IGARSS 2018 - 2018 IEEE International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium. IEEE, pp. 8723–8726. <https://doi.org/10.1109/IGARSS.2018.8517420>

Sentinel-3 Pre-Operations Data Hub <https://scihub.copernicus.eu/s3/#/home>

#### References

- Donlon, C., Berruti, B., Buongiorno, A., Ferreira, M.-H., Féménias, P., Frerick, J., Goryl, P., Klein, U., Laur, H., Mavrocordatos, C., Nieke, J., Rebhan, H., Seitz, B., Stroede, J., Sciarra, R., 2012. The Global Monitoring for Environment and Security (GMES) Sentinel-3 mission. *Remote Sens. Environ.* **120**, 37–57. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rse.2011.07.024>
- Etxaluze, M., Smith, D., 2018. Vicarious Calibration of the Sentinel-3A SLSTR VIS/SWIR channels, in: *4th S3VT Meeting, Darmstadt, Germany, 13-15 March 2018*. Darmstadt, Germany, 13-15 March 2018.
- North, P., Heckel, A., 2010. SYN Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document.